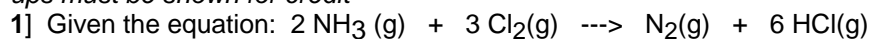


# Gas Stoichiometry

## CHEMISTRY 110

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
last first

*Problem sets are due within the first 5 minutes of lecture on the due date. Significant figures must be correct. All setups must be shown for credit*



a. How many milliliters of nitrogen can be made from 13 L of chlorine and 10.0 L of ammonia gas at STP?

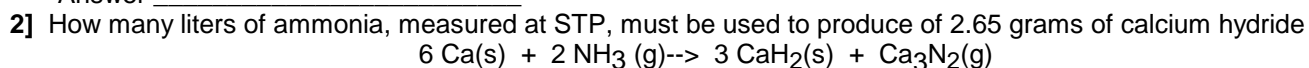
Answer \_\_\_\_\_

b. How many grams of chlorine must react to produce 16 L of nitrogen gas at 1.2 atm and 23°C?

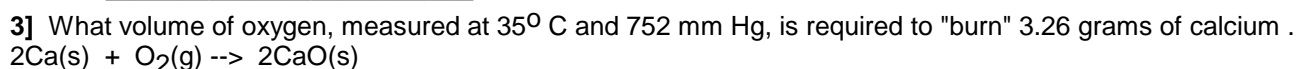
Answer \_\_\_\_\_

c. How many liters of ammonia gas at 244 torr and 35°C must be used to produce 2.3 kg of HCl gas?

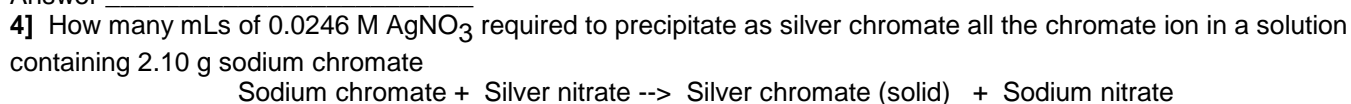
Answer \_\_\_\_\_



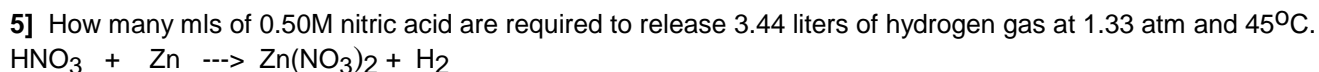
Answer \_\_\_\_\_



Answer \_\_\_\_\_

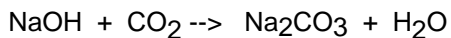


Answer \_\_\_\_\_



Answer \_\_\_\_\_

6] What is the molarity of a 5.00 L sodium hydroxide solution that would completely react with 2.00 L of carbon dioxide gas measured at STP..



Find the **Molarity** of the sodium hydroxide solution

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

7] How many liters of dry hydrogen gas, measured at 796 torr and 25°C, will be released by the decomposition of 255 milliliters of H<sub>2</sub>O(g) at 1.33 atm and 25°C?

Write the balanced equation \_\_\_\_\_

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

8] For the following reaction:  $2\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$

1.5 mol of CO and 2.0 mol of oxygen react in a closed 10 L vessel.

a. How many moles of CO, O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> are present at the end of the reaction

Answer: Moles CO \_\_\_\_\_ Moles O<sub>2</sub> \_\_\_\_\_ Moles CO<sub>2</sub> \_\_\_\_\_

b. What will be the total pressure in the flask at 273K?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_